

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday November 23, to Saturday November 27, 1762.

Whitehall, November 26, 1762.

ONE of the King's Messengers, dispatched by the Duke of Bedford, arrived here this Morning with the Ratifications of their Most Christian, and Catholick Majesties, of the Preliminary Articles signed the 3d Instant, which were exchanged with his Grace, the 22d, at Versailles, by the Ministers Plenipotentiary of Those Princes, against Those of His Majesty. Upon which Occasion the Tower and Park Guns were immediately fired.

Westminster, November 25.

THIS Day His Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Septimus Robinson, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech :

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I Found, on my Accession to the Throne, these My Kingdoms engaged in a bloody and expensive War. I resolved to prosecute it with the utmost Vigour; determined, however, to consent to Peace, upon just and honourable Terms, whenever the Events of War should incline the Enemy to the same pacifick Disposition.

A Negotiation was accordingly begun last Year, which proved ineffectual. The War became afterwards more general, by the Resolution of the Court of Madrid to take Part with My Enemy, notwithstanding My best Endeavours to prevent it.

This, with the unexpected Attack of My natural and good Ally the King of Portugal, greatly affected Our Commerce, multiplied the Objects of Our Military Operations, and increased Our Difficulties, by adding to the heavy Burthens under which this Country already laboured.

My Object still continued the same, to attain an honourable Peace, by pursuing this more extensive War in the most vigorous Manner. I embraced therefore an Occasion offered me, of renewing the Negotiation; but at the same Time I exerted so effectually the Strength which you had put into My Hands, and have been so well served by My Fleets and Armies in the Execution of My Plans, that History cannot furnish Examples of greater Glory, or greater Advantages acquired by the Arms of this, or any other Nation, in so short a Period of Time. My General Prince Ferdinand of Brunwick, and my Army in Germany, have gained immortal Honour, by many signal Advantages obtained during the Course of

this Campaign, over an Enemy superior in Numbers: The Progress of the French and Spanish Armies in Portugal has been stop'd; and that Kingdom preserved by the Firmness and Resolution of its Sovereign, and by the Military Talents of the Reigning Count La Lippe, seconded by the Valour of the Troops under his Command. Martinico, and other Islands in the West Indies, have been conquered; the Havannah, a Place of the utmost Importance to Spain, is in My Possession; and with it great Treasures, and a very considerable Part of the Navy of Spain, are fallen into Our Hands.

I cannot mention these Achievements, which reflect such Honour on My Crown, without giving My publick Testimony to the unwearied Perseverance, and unparalleled Bravery of My Officers and Private Men, by Sea and Land, who, by repeated Proofs, have shewn, that no Climate, no Hardships, no Dangers, can check the Ardor, or resist the Valour of the British Arms.

Next to the Assistance of Almighty God, it is owing to their Conduct and Courage, that My Enemies have been brought to accept of Peace on such Terms, as, I trust, will give my Parliament entire Satisfaction. Preliminary Articles have been signed by My Minister, with those of France and Spain, which I will order in due Time to be laid before you.

The Conditions of these are such, that there is not only an immense Territory added to the Empire of Great Britain, but a solid Foundation laid for the Increase of Trade and Commerce; and the utmost Care has been taken to remove all Occasions of future Disputes between My Subjects, and those of France and Spain, and thereby to add Security and Permanency to the Blessings of Peace.

While I carefully attended to the essential Interests of My own Kingdoms, I have had the utmost Regard to the good Faith of My Crown, and the Interests of My Allies. I have made Peace for the King of Portugal, securing to him all his Dominions; and all the Territories of the King of Prussia, as well as of My other Allies in Germany, or elsewhere, occupied by the Armies of France, are to be immediately evacuated.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have ordered the proper Estimates to be laid before you; and shall, without Delay, proceed to make Reductions to the utmost Extent, wherever they may be found consistent with Wisdom and sound Policy. It is the greatest Affliction for Me to find, that though the War is at an End, Our Expences cannot immediately be so much lessened as I desire; but as nothing could have carried Us through the great and arduous Difficulties surrounding Us, but the most vigorous and expensive Efforts, We must expect, for some Time, to feel the Consequences of them to a considerable Degree.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

It was impossible to execute what this Nation has so gloriously performed in all Parts of the World, without

without the Loss of great Numbers of Men. When you consider this Loss, whether on the Principles of Policy or Humanity, you will see One of the many Reasons which induced Me to enter early into Negotiation, so as to make a considerable Progress in it, before the Fate of many Operations was determined; and now to hasten the Conclusion of it, to prevent the Necessity of making Preparations for another Campaign. As by this Peace My Territories are greatly augmented, and new Sources opened for Trade and Manufactures, it is My earnest Desire, that you would consider of such Methods in the Settlements of Our new Acquisitions, as shall most effectually tend to the Security of those Countries, and to the Improvement of the Commerce and Navigation of Great Britain. I cannot mention Our Acquisitions, without earnestly recommending to your Care and Attention My gallant Subjects, by whose Valour they were made.

We could never have carried on this extensive War, without the greatest Union at Home. You will find the same Union peculiarly necessary, in order to make the best Use of the great Advantages acquired by the Peace; and to lay the Foundation of that Oeconomy which We owe to Ourselves, and to Our Posterity, and which can alone relieve this Nation, from the heavy Burthens brought upon it by the Necessities of this long and expensive War.

By the KING,

A P R O C L A M A T I O N,

Declaring the Cessation of Arms, as well by Sea as Land, agreed upon between His Majesty, the most Christian King, and the Catholick King, and enjoining the Observance thereof.

G E O R G E R.

WHEREAS Preliminaries for restoring Peace were signed at Fontainebleau on the Third Day of this Instant November, by the Ministers of Us, the Most Christian King, and the Catholick King: And whereas for the putting an End to the Calamities of War, as soon and as far as may be possible, it has been agreed between Us, his Most Christian Majesty, and his Catholick Majesty, as follows; that is to say,

That as soon as the Preliminaries shall be signed and ratified, all Hostilities should cease at Sea and at Land.

And to prevent all Occasions of Complaints and Disputes which might arise upon Account of Ships, Merchandizes, and other Effects which might be taken at Sea; it has been also mutually agreed, That the Ships, Merchandizes, and Effects, which should be taken in the Channel, and in the North Seas, after the Space of Twelve Days, to be computed from the Ratification of the present Preliminary Articles; and that all Ships, Merchandizes, and Effects, which should be taken after Six Weeks from the said Ratification, beyond the Channel, the British Seas, and the North Seas, as far as the Canary Islands inclusively, whether in the Ocean or Mediterranean; and for the Space of Three Months from the said Canary Islands to the Equinoctial Line or Equator; and for the Space of Six Months beyond the said Equinoctial Line or Equator, and in all other Places of the World, without any Exception, or other more particular Distinction of Time, or Place, should be restored on both Sides.

And whereas the Ratifications of the said Preliminary Articles, in due Form, were exchanged at Versailles by the Plenipotentiaries of Us, of the Most Christian King, and of the Catholick King, on the

Twenty-second of this Instant November; from which Day the several Terms above-mentioned of Twelve Days, of Six Weeks, of Three Months, and of Six Months, for the Restitution of all Ships, Merchandizes, and other Effects, taken at Sea, are to be computed:

We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of our Privy Council, to notify the same to all Our loving Subjects; and we do declare, That Our Royal Will and Pleasure is, and we do hereby strictly charge and command all Our Officers, both at Sea and Land, and all other Our Subjects whatsoever, to forbear all Acts of Hostility, either by Sea or Land, against his Most Christian Majesty, and his Catholick Majesty, their Vassals or Subjects, from and after the respective Times above-mentioned, and under the Penalty of incurring our highest Displeasure.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Twenty-sixth Day of November, in the Third Year of Our Reign, and in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and sixty two.

G O D save the K I N G.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 26th Day of November, 1762,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to Declare and Order, That for the Convenience and Security of the Commerce of His loving Subjects during the Cessation of Arms, notified by His Majesty Royal Proclamation of this Day's Date, Passes will be delivered as soon as they can be interchanged, to such of His Subjects as shall desire the same for their Ships, Goods, Merchandizes and Effects, they duly observing the several Acts of Parliament now in Force with regard to Trade or Correspondence with France and Spain.

W. Sharpe.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 26th Day of November, 1762,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS Day the Right Honourable Hans Stanley, Esq; was, by His Majesty's Command, sworn of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 17th of November, 1762,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majesty was pleased, by His Order in Council of the 17th of September last, to direct, That the several Bounties therein mentioned, should continue to be paid to every Able and Ordinary Seaman, and Able Bodied Landman, who should voluntarily enter themselves to serve in His Majesty's Navy on or before the Thirtieth Day of this Instant November: And also, that the Rewards therein mentioned, for discovering Able and Ordinary Seamen, who should secret themselves, should likewise continue to be paid to any Person who should discover such Seamen, so that such Seaman or Seamen should be taken for His Majesty's Service — His Majesty having this Day taken the said Order into Consideration, is pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy-Council, to declare, That the said Bounties and Rewards shall from hence-

henceforth cease, determine, and be no longer paid or payable, any Thing therein contained to the Contrary notwithstanding. Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Hen. Fcne.

St. James's, November 27.

The following Address of the High Sheriff, Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Oxford, has been presented to His Majesty by the Right Hon. the Lord Charles Spencer, and Sir James Dashwood, Bart. their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Oxford.

MAY it please your Majesty, amidst the general Joy and Acclamations of your People, graciously to accept the Congratulations of your dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff, Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Oxford, who, truly sensible of the many Blessings conveyed to the People of this Land by the Accession of your Illustrious Family, acknowledge the Goodness of the Almighty in giving them and their Posterity a Prospect of their Continuance by the Auspicious Birth of a Prince.

So great an Event, upon a Day ever Sacred to Liberty and the Protestant Cause, must be considered, not only as an Increase of your Majesty's domestick Happiness, but, likewise, as an additional Security to the Civil and Religious Rights of your Subjects, and an happy Earnest of their future Glory and Prosperity.

May you long live, Dread Sir, the Ornament and Delight of your Subjects! and the Guardian and Protector of their Liberties! And may the Infant Prince, formed by the Precepts, and animated by the Examples of his Royal Parents, grow up in the Love and Affection of the People, and transmit to latest Generations those illustrious Virtues, which so eminently distinguish and adorn your Majesty's Reign.

The following Address of the Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Suffolk, has been presented to His Majesty by Rowland Holt, and Thomas Charles Bunbury, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Suffolk.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of your County of Suffolk, beg Leave to offer to your Majesty our sincere Congratulations on the important Event of the Birth of a Prince, and the happy Recovery of your Majesty's Royal Consort.

If the minutest Circumstances that await the Life of Kings are regarded with Attention, and derive Importance from the Dignity of their Object, well may we be justified in remarking the greatest; firmly confiding, that the Divine Providence hath given an

happy Prosege to Posterity, by especially making Choice of this Time to bless your Majesty, and these Kingdoms, with a Prince born in the Midst of Conquest, and nursed in the Lap of Victory.

It was the ardent, the unanimous Wish of your Majesty's Subjects, when with Hearts full of Duty and Affection, they beheld you succeed to the Throne of your Royal Ancestors, that your Majesty would be pleased to select some illustrious Prince, whose virtuous Endowments might render her worthy of your Love; and qualify her for the Participation of the Cares and Honours of your Sovereignty; and that the supreme Disposer of all Events would shed his Blessing on your Royal Nuptials, in Token of his providential Regard for these Kingdoms, and the Good and Happiness of succeeding Generations.

These momentous Favours so indulgently granted, what more hath a rejoicing and thankful People to ask of the Divine Bounty? but that your Majesty, and our gracious Queen, may live very long the Delight of your happy Subjects; and that the Prince your Son, when your Majesty, full of Days and of Honours, shall be called to that Crown, which alone is brighter than that you now wear, may succeed to the Virtues, as well as to the Dominions of your Majesty; and that our remotest Posterity may experience the Blessings so amply enjoyed by their Forefathers, may there never be wanting a Descendant of your Royal House, to sit on the Throne of these Realms till Time and Britain shall be no more.

To these Expressions of our unfeigned Joy, permit us to add our further Congratulations on the signal Success of your Majesty's Arms, in the Reduction of the Island of Cuba; a Conquest in itself of very high Importance, and rendered more so by the Acquisition of a Number of Ships of War; a Circumstance most distressful to your Majesty's Enemies, and from which we hope this happy Consequence, that your Majesty may be the sooner able to procure to your People such a Peace as shall be glorious to yourself, and advantageous to them.

The following Address of the Nobility, Gentry, Freeholders and Heretors of the County of Edinburgh, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously,

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Nobility, Gentry, Freeholders and Heretors of the County of Edinburgh.

Most gracious Sovereign,

AMID the unfeigned Congratulations of your other loyal Subjects upon the Birth of a young Prince, permit us, with Sentiments full of Gratitude and Affection, humbly to approach your Royal Person, and to join that universal Joy, which transports the Heart of every True Britain at an Event so auspicious to the Constitution of these Realms, so essential to your Majesty's domestick Felicity, and so important to the Well-being of succeeding Generations.

May your Majesty, and the Illustrious Partner of your Throne, be long preserved to animate your Royal Off-spring with the Love of every Virtue, which can add Lustre to the Imperial Diadem, and enable them, with hereditary Dignity, to sway the Sceptre over a brave and generous People.

It is with peculiar Pleasure we remark, That while Heaven provides for your Majesty's Happiness at Home, it extends your Glory and your Power to the remotest Corners of the Globe. One Day gave Birth

Birth to a British Prince descended from a British King, and the next beheld the Bulwark of Spanish Wealth subjected to the British Domain.

May this valuable Acquisition, which crowns our other splendid Successes, prove the happy Means of appearing at last the Ravages of War, and of procuring a Peace firm as your Majesty's unshaken Virtue, glorious as the Conquests of the British Arms.

Signed by the Right Honourable James Earl of Lauderdale, Preses of the Meeting, the 12th of November, 1762.

Lauderdale.

The following Address of the Nobility, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of the County of Elgin and Forres, has been presented to His Majesty by James Grant, Esq; their Representative in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Nobility, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Elgin and Forres.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Nobility, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Elgin and Forres, beg Leave, with all Humility, to approach your Sacred Majesty, and with the greatest Sincerity, to present our Congratulations on the auspicious Birth of the Prince of Wales, and the happy Recovery of the Queen.

The invaluable Blessings of every Kind, which we, in common with your other Subjects, enjoy under your Majesty's wife and benign Government, cannot fail to excite in us the warmest Sentiments of Gratitude to the Supreme Ruler of all Things, for this much-desired Event, upon a Day ever sacred to Liberty, and to these Kingdoms; and we unfeignedly partake in the Joy that is universally diffused through your Majesty's Dominions, on this happy Occasion. May this be a Pledge of still greater Blessings to your Majesty, your Illustrious Consort, and these Realms. May the Prince be preserved for the Happiness of his Royal Parents; and being educated in those amiable Principles and Royal Virtues, that now do Honour to the British Crown, may he in Time become, as your Majesty now is, the Delight and Protector of a brave and happy, because a free, People.

Your Majesty will give us Leave, at the same Time, to add our further Congratulations on the unparalleled Success of your Arms, during the Course of this memorable Year, in which, with a truly Royal and British Generosity, and an inviolable Adherence to the Sacred Obligation of Treaties, you have supported your Royal Ally the King of Portugal, against the Attacks of your Majesty's and his unprovoked Enemies, and reduced near the strongest Fortresses in America under your Majesty's Subjection and Government.

We have the firmest Reliance on your Majesty's Wisdom and Uprightness, that thro' Success will be improved towards the Obtaining a glorious and lasting Peace, for Establishing your Majesty's domestic Quiet, the Preservation of the Liberties of Europe, and the Welfare and Happiness of your Subjects. May the greatest Harmony and Stability ever prevail in your Majesty's Councils: May your Reign be long and glorious, and may it become an illustrious for cultivating the Arts of Peace, as it has been for those of War; and may these Kingdoms never want one of your Majesty's Royal Descendants to sway the Sceptre over them.

The following Address of the Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Clergy and Gentry of the County of Carmarthen; has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Clergy and Gentry of the County of Carmarthen, beg Leave to offer to your Majesty our humble Congratulation upon the Birth of the Prince of Wales; and to express our particular Satisfaction in an Event of so much Importance to our Country, and promising to your Majesty so much Felicity in your private domestick Situation.

With Gratitude and Admiration we have seen your Majesty in the Exercise of parental Care and Affection towards your People; and we must exceedingly rejoice at present, when we behold your Majesty blessed with an Opportunity to exert and enjoy those your shining Virtues in the fullest Perfection.

Sire, at the Time when we rejoice in this great Event, so Important to your People, so grateful (in every Respect) to your Majesty, permit us to take Notice of the late signal Success of your Arms, in the Reduction of the Havannah; a Conquest which does so much Honour to your Majesty's Councils, and to the Valour and Perseverance of your Troops.

That your Majesty having experienced the Satisfaction to see your People Great and Victorious in War, may soon crown their humble Services, and your own Glory, by an honourable and lasting Peace, is the constant and zealous Prayer of your grateful and devoted Subjects.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Burgesses of the Borough of Wigan, in the County of Lancaster, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Burgesses of the Borough of Wigan, in the County of Lancaster, in common Hall assembled.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's ever dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Burgesses of the Borough of Wigan, in common Hall assembled, humbly beg Leave to offer up to your Majesty our warmest and most hearty Congratulations upon the auspicious Birth of the Prince, and the safe Recovery of the Queen. An Event, which cannot but give the greatest Joy to every British Heart, whilst it contributes at once to compleat the private and domestick Happiness of the best of Monarchs, and to establish and secure the publick Interest and Welfare of the Nation: An Event, for which we are bound to return our most unfeigned Thanks to the great King of Kings, in that it has opened to us the pleasing Prospect of future Happiness, and has given us the joyful Hopes, that the many valuable Blessings, which we now enjoy under your Majesty's Government, will not cease with us, but will, by the Goodness of Providence, be continued, by a never-failing Succession of your Majesty's Descendants, to the latest Posterity.

May the Prince, the Heir apparent of your Majesty's Crown and Scepter, inherit also the noble Virtues

Virtues of his Royal Parents; may he, educated and instructed by the wise Precepts, and formed by the bright Example of your Majesty, and your most amiable Consort be, in your Day, as your Majesty is in ours, the glorious Pattern of Wisdom and Virtue: May he be possessed of every Princely Endowment that may promote his own or his People's Happiness; May he, like his Royal Father be the Standard of Morality the Patron of Merit, a Friend to Virtue, and a Foe to Vice: And when it shall please the Supreme Being, in his own good Time to call your Majesty, full of Years and of Glory, from this perishable to a never fading Crown, may he then succeed to the Throne of these Realms, and rule his Subjects with equal Honour, Dignity, and Wisdom.

To these ardent Wishes, we beg Leave to add our most sincere Congratulations on the signal Success of your Majesty's Arms, in the Reduction of the Havannah and its Dependancies; a Conquest the more glorious and valuable, because hitherto deemed impracticable, and attended with an Acquisition of immense Wealth, and the Surrender of so many Ships of War belonging to the Enemy, whereby a fatal Blow has been struck to the Trade and Naval Power of Spain; A Conquest, which will convince the Enemies of these Realms, that the Wisdom of your Majesty's Councils, and the Harmony, Valour, and Intrepidity of your Fleets and Arms, are, under the Divine Providence, equal to any Undertaking, how arduous and difficult soever.

May the Enemies of your Majesty, reduced and distressed by these and the many other great Successes with which the Almighty has blessed your Majesty's Arms, in the Course of this just but necessary War, be forced to accede to such Terms of Peace, as are adequate to the Number and Importance of our Conquests, and as will terminate this bloody and expensive War to the Honour and Interest of this much injured Nation, and effectually secure it from the Horrors and Calamities of another.

And we beg Leave to assure your Majesty, that, though we may have been late in offering this our humble Address to your Majesty, on these happy and important Events yet there are none of your Majesty's Subjects earlier in Zeal for the Prosperity and Happiness of your Majesty's Person and Family, and for the Succession of these Kingdoms in your Royal Line to the latest Generation.

Given under our Common Seal at Wigan, this 25th Day of October, in the Year of our Lord 1762.

The following Address of the Justices of Peace, Freeholders and Commissioners of the Land Tax of the County of Aberdeen, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Justices of Peace, Freeholders and Commissioners of the Land Tax of the County of Aberdeen, convened at their General Quarter Sessions, the Twenty-sixth Day of October, One thousand seven hundred and sixty two.

PERMIT us, your Majesty's very dutiful loyal Subjects of this large County, to declare in this publick Manner our hearty Congratulations, which, the just Occasion of universal Joy, the Birth of a Prince, to inherit the Crown of these happy Kingdoms, hath afforded: May it be long before he have Opportunity to ascend the Throne; and then may he show, that he is the worthy Heir of his illustrious Royal Father.

May your Majesty often feel the Delight of giving Transports to a brave and loyal People by a numerous Progeny, possessing these Virtues which will for her future Happiness to us and our Posterity, and make all Ranks, influenced by Royal Example, be shamed of every Vice, and Dilipation, and render fallow no ble every Thing worthy of Praise.

We sincerely rejoice in the late Victory which has attended your Majesty's Arms, in Giving so severe a Stroke to the most recent Enemies of these Kingdoms, and making so rich an Accession to the Wealth of Britain.

May the signal Instances of the Favour of Providence to your Majesty's Arms, dispel the Fears of your Enemies, and forward the desirable End of War, a safe and glorious Peace.

May your Majesty, with the most amiable Queen, full of Days and full of Glory, after having long enjoyed national, conjugal, and parental Felicity, and seen your Children and their Children greatly flourish, late resign an earthly Crown to receive an everlasting Dominion in the Realm of Bliss.

These are the Sentiments and ardent Wishes of your Majesty's most dutiful and devoted Subjects.

Signed by our Appointment and in our Name, by Sir Archbald Grant of Munnich, Bart. our Prefes.

Arch. Grant.

Turin, November 3. On Tuesday the 26th ult. His Britannick Majesty's Ship Sheernets arrived at Villa Franca, in Seven Days from Gibraltar. She was chased near these Coasts by Three French Men of War, the Content of 24 Guns, and Two Frigates, the *Preiade* and the *Mirerve*, who came to an Anchor soon after the Arrival of the Sheernets.

The *Mirerve*, by the ill Management of the Crew struck upon a Rock, and in less than Two Hours afterwards was entirely lost. The Sea ran to very high, that no Boats would venture out from the Ship to the Assistance of the people upon the Wreck. In this Situation Captain Clarke sent his request for their Relief, who exerted themselves to extraordinary, as to bring them all off, except about twenty five, who were carried away by the Violence of the Sea. The French Commodore waited afterwards upon the British Captain to thank him for his timely Assistance, and to express the great Sense he entertained of such Benevolence and Generosity.

Berlin, Nov. 13. The King of Prussia, upon receiving the News of the Victory gained by his Brother Prince Henry, left the Corps of Troops he was leading into Saxony, and arrived the 7th Instant at Torgau, from which Place he went to Meissen, where he still remains.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Prussia, who parted with his Prussian Majesty at Schweidnitz, and has been here for these ten Days past, sets out Tomorrow to join the King his Uncle at Meissen.

Berlin, Nov. 16. It is the general Opinion here, that the Campaign in Saxony is now ended greatly to the Honour of his Royal Highness Prince Henry; and it is believed the Troops will forthwith march into Winter Quarters. His Royal Highness continues still at Freyberg, where the King of Prussia made him a Visit the 8th or 9th Instant, but returned the next Day to Meissen.

It is reported that Marshal Daun is marching into Saxony, and that he intends to Winter at Dresden; and that the Duke of Bevern was negotiating a Convention for a Cessation of Hostilities in the Mountains of Silesia, during the Winter Season usual.

Hamburg, November 19. The Garrison of Saatz in Bohemia, consisting of Two Hundred Men, commanded by a Captain, after having made a vigorous Defence, was at last obliged to surrender Prisoners of War to General Kleist. The Austrian Magazines of Forage, &c. which the Prussians have destroyed in that Place, are valued at Nine Hundred Thousand Florins.

Hague, Nov. 23. By our last Letters from Hesse we learn, that a Convention was signed the 15th Instant at Bruckers Muhl upon the Rhine, between the Generals Howard, and Guerchy, authorized by his Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand and the French Marshals, for an immediate Cessation of Hostilities between the British and French Armies, who were upon the Point of separating, in order to march into their respective Winter Quarters.

Prince Ferdinand had fixed his Head Quarters at Newhaus in the Bishoprick of Paderbourn.

They write from Saxony, that the Prussian General Kleist, who marched after the Victory at Freyberg, with a Detachment into Bohemia, had laid that Country under Contribution to the very Gates of Prague.

That his Royal Highness Prince Henry seemed to be preparing for some Expedition; and that his Prussian Majesty was expected at Leipzig to take up, as was thought, his Winter Quarters in that City.

Whitehall, November 27.

The King has been pleased to grant unto John Earl of Egmont in the Kingdom of Ireland, and Baron Lovel and Holland in the County of Somerset in the Kingdom of Great Britain, and Robert Hampden, Esq; the Office of Postmaster General.

St. James's, November 21.

This Day his Excellency the Duke de Nivernois, Ambassador Extraordinary from France, had a private Audience of His Majesty to deliver his Credentials.

To which he was introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Egremont, one of His Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Charles Cottrel Dormer, Knight, Master of the Ceremonies.

General Post Office, October 29, 1762.

Public Notice is hereby given to all Persons corresponding with the Havannah, That Letters, for the future, will be regularly forwarded to that Place by the West India Mails.

And that such Letters will accordingly be dispatched from this Office on Saturday the 6th of November next.

By Command of the Postmaster General,
RICH. PATE, Secretary.

Viduailling Office, November 22, 1762.

The Commissioners for Viduailling His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that they have given Directions to their Officers, to make out Bills to the Contractors for any particular Sums, that they may desire, to answer the Amount of the Provisions and Stores delivered.

Custom-House, London, Nov. 26, 1762.

The Receiver-General of His Majesty's Customs gives Notice, That he shall be ready, on the 6th of December next, and the four following usual Days of Payment, to pay all Out-Port Corn-Debentures that become due between the 31st of July 1762, inclusive, and the 16th of August following inclusive, together with Interest thereon to the said 6th of December, at 2 per Centum per Annum, pursuant to an Act of 26 George II. And that Interest will cease thereon from that Day.

Navy Office, November 16, 1762.

It being represented to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, that some of their Contractors complain of Hardships in having their Navy Bills made out for larger Sums than are convenient for Negotiating, although they have been granted in any Sums to those who have applied; The said Principal Officers and Commissioners give Notice, that to prevent any further Complaint, they have given Directions to all their Officers, to ask Contractors what Size Bills they desire to be paid in, and make them out accordingly.

Navy Office, November 18, 1762.

The Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice, that all Bills registered on the Course of the Navy in the Month of October 1761, are ordered to be paid, two Thirds thereof in Money, and the Remainder in Exchequer Bills: And such Persons as are possessed of Bills, are desired to bring them to this Office to be assigned on the Treasurer of the Navy for Payment.

London Assurance House, Nov. 24, 1762.

The Court of Directors of the London Assurance Corporation hereby give Notice, That the Annual General Court, appointed by their Charter, will be held at their House in Birchin-Lane, on Wednesday the 22d of December next, at Eleven in the Forenoon.

Calder Navigation.

The Subscribers to the said Navigation are required to pay into the Hands of Mr. John Caygill or Messrs. Jeremiah Roys and Co. at Halifax, (who are appointed joint Treasurers) the Sum of Five Pounds per Cent. on their respective Subscriptions on or before the 21st Day of January next.

By Order of the Commissioners,
Tho. SImpion, Clerk.

London, November 20, 1762.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen and Marines belonging to His Majesty's Ship Lively, who were on board at the Time of taking the French Frigates Sirene and Valeur, that the Prize Money due to them for the said Frigates, will be paid on Thursday the 2d of December next, at the Sign of the French Horn in Crooked Friars, London, between the Hours of Ten and Two: And that Recalls of the Shares unpaid will be made at the same Place and Hours, on the first Thursday in every Month for three Years to come.

Hutchison Mure, Agent.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers, Ships Company, and Marines, of His Majesty's Ships the Active, Herbert Sawyer, Esq; Commander, and the Favorite, Philemon Pownall, Esq; Commander, who were actually on Board at the Taking of the Spanish Ship of War called the Hermiona, (which has been duly condemned as Prize to the Captors) that all such Officers, Seamen, and Marines, who have not received their Dividends or Payment on Account of the said Hermiona Prize, (in Pursuance of the Advertisement published for that Purpose) may receive the same of the Agents on Thursday the Sixteenth Day of December next; and the first Thursday in every Month for three Years, commencing from the first Day of November instant, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon, at the Ship Tavern behind the Royal Exchange. London, dated the 22d Day of November, 1762.

Herbert Sawyer, of London, Esq; Agents,
Thomas Mayne,
Richard Deeres,
Thomas Tierney,
Henry Blanckley,
Samuel More, } of Gibraltar, Agents

Notice

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ship Juno, commanded by the Honourable George Falconer, who were actually on board the 17th of September last, at the taking the La Galga, a Spanish Privateer, that they will be paid their respective Shares of the Hull of the said Privateer, on board the Juno at Plymouth, on the 28th of this Instant November, or as soon after as she shall arrive there: And the Shares remaining unpaid will be recalled the first Wednesday in the Month for three Years, at the Prince George in Plymouth. John Adcock, of the said Ship, Agent.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers, Ships Company and Marines of His Majesty's Frigate Gramont, who were actually on board at Taking the French Ship Constance, that they will be paid their respective Shares of Prize Money, on Wednesday the 1st of December next, between the Hours of Ten and Two, at the Counting House of Mr. George Catanach, in New Court Throgmorton Street: And the Shares not then demanded, may be received at the same Place on the first Wednesday in every Month for three Years to come.

James Hay and Peter Romero, Esqrs.
of Gibraltar, Agents.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ships Nassau, James Sayer, Esq; Commander, and Emerald, Thomas Cornwell, Esq; Commander, who were actually on board at taking of the Sloops Catherine and Elizabeth, and Three Friends, Schooner, Prizes taken by the said Ships on the 29th of January and 3d of February, 1760, that they may receive their respective Shares of the nett Proceeds of the said Prizes, on the 20th Day of January next, at the Castle Tavern in Lombard-street. And the Shares not then demanded, will be recalled at the same Place the last Thursday in every Month, for three Years to come, by Thomas George Mohringk, of Old Broad-street, for Wm. Warner, of Antigua, Agent.

London, November 20, 1762.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen and Marines belonging to His Majesty's Ships Cambridge, Boreas, Hussar and Viper, who are entitled by Agreement to share in the French Frigates Sirene and Valeur, the Snow Maria, the Sloop Elizabeth, and the Sloop Pursue, that the Prize Money due to them for the same, will be paid at the Sign of the French Horn in Crutched Fryars, London, on Friday the 3d of December next, between the Hours of Ten and Two: And that Recalls of the Shares unpaid will be made at the same Place and Hours, the first Thursday in every Month for four Months to come; after which Time the Books will be sent to Jamaica, where Recalls will be made for the Remainder of three Years, as prescribed by Act of Parliament,

Jasper Hall, of Kingston in Jamaica, Agent.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors (if any) of John Barrett the Elder, late of the Parish of St. John Clerkenwell in the County of Middlesex, Leather Dresser, deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before John Browning, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Pierce Cornish, late of Cowbridge in the County of Glamorgan, Esq; deceased, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Curfitors-street in Chancery Lane, London, on or before the first Day of next Hillary Term, in order to receive a Satisfaction for the same, otherwise they will be absolutely excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Dr. ANDERSON'S, or The Famous SCOTS PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand; London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in Black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella Inghish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epsom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

JACKSON'S TINCTURE, By the KING'S Royal Patent.

THE universal Reputation my Tincture has so justly acquired, and the happy Success that has for many Years attended it, proves it, beyond Contradiction, to be a most efficacious and safe Family Medicine in the following Disorders, viz. Rheumatism, Gravel, Stone, Cholick, Wind, and griping of the Bowels, Consumption, Coughs, Asthmas, and all Disorders of the Lungs, Spitting Blood, and in the Piles; and is infallible in Disorders of the Fair Sex either young or old, (it is far superior to any Medicine extant;) Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises or Swellings of any Sort, especially White-swellings, it cures to Admiration, and affords present Relief in Bruises, Strains, Cramps, Numbness, and all Manner of paralytic Disorders; old Ulcers or Humours, though of ever so long standing, it presently overcomes by an inward Application. No sooner is the Reputation of a Medicine established, but numberless are its Imitators, to detect which, my genuine Tincture hath on the Top of the Bottles my Coat of Arms, and on the Directions the Names of JACKSON and SON, Price One Shilling the Bottle, sold only at my Elaboratory and Medicinal Warehouse in Fleet Market, London.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Richard Edwards, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, One Undivided Fourth Part of Three several Farms, and a Slate Quarry, all situate in the Parish of Stamfordham in the County of Northumberland; and also One Undivided Fourth Part of the Tythes of Stamfordham aforesaid, being Part of the Estate of Richard Darby, late of Gray's Inn, Esq; deceased; which said Farms consist of upwards of 800 Acres of Arable, Meadow, and Pasture Land, and are lett, together with the said Slate Quarry, at the yearly Rent of 354 l. and which said Tythes are computed at 367 l. a Year. Further Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be sold, together or in Parcels, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Bonner, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, A Farm and Lands called Excells Farm, and several other Closes of Land, chiefly Pasture, and two Tenements with the Appurtenances, the Whole being Freehold, late Part of the Estate of Sir Thomas Snell, Knt. deceased, lying in the several Parishes of Brill and Oakley in the County of Bucks, of the yearly Value of 180 l. and upwards. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Symond's Inn.

WHEREAS there has been several Gentlemen arrived lately from Calcutta in the Kingdom of Bengal in the East Indies, who stand indebted to the Estate of the late David Willson, Taylor, of the said Place, as appears by the Books of the deceased; This is therefore to give Notice to those Gentlemen, that unless they forthwith pay their respective Debts to Eliab. Willson, Executor, or to his Attorney, at the Artichoke in Fleet Market, London, they will be proceeded against to the utmost Rigour of the Law.

THE Bond and Simple Contract Creditors, or such other Persons, who have any Demand on the Estates of John Ruffley, late of Hardwick in the Parish of Ducklington in the County of Oxford, Gentleman, deceased, (if any of them remain unsatisfied) are desired to send forthwith an Account of their respective Debts and Demands to Mr. William Stephens, Attorney at Law, at Kencott near Burford Oxfordshire, in order that they may be discharged.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against John Fisher, of the City of Bristol, Merchant, intend to meet on the 15th Day of December next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are required to come and prove the same; and the Claimants are to make out their Claims.

THE

Pursuant to an Order made by the Right Honourable Lord Henley, Baron of Grange, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for Digby Cooks, of Plymouth in the County of Devon, Tanner, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for Forty Nine Days, to be computed from the 4th Day of December next; This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named and authorized, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 22d Day of January next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Globe Tavern in the City of Exeter; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the same, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Thomas Alder, now or late of Berwick upon Tweed, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 15th and 16th Days of December next, and on the 8th Day of January following, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at the House of John Wind, Innkeeper, known by the Sign of the Queen's Head, situate in Pilgrim Street in Newcastle upon Tweed, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commission shall appoint, but give Notice to Messrs. Widdington and Richmond, Attorneys, in Newcastle upon Tweed aforesaid.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Jonathan Gledhill, of the City of Norwich, Stationer and Bookseller, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 15th and 16th of December next, and on the 8th of January following, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at the House of Thomas Mottram, being the Sign of the King's Arms, situate in the Parish of St. Michael, at the Pleas in the said City, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. James Smyth, Attorney, at East Dereham in Norfolk.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Arbler, late of the Borough of Southwark, but now of the Parish of St. Mary Magdalen Bermonsey in the County of Surry, Hop Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d and 24th Days of December next at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and on the 8th of January following at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Fiddiscombe, in Allen's Court Roperhall-street, London.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Richard Sault, of the Parish of St. Mary le Strand in the County of Middlesex, Woollen-Draper, stand to meet on the 20th Day of December next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a further Division of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Division.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Joseph Lovell, of London, Merchant, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Lord Henley, Baron of Grange, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Joseph Lovell hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 15th of December next.

THE following Persons being Prisoners for Debt, in the respective Prisons, or Goals, hereafter mentioned, do hereby give Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors*, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after THIRTY Days from the FIRST Publication of the under-mentioned Names, viz.

Prisoner in the KING'S BENCH Prison, in the County of Surry.

First Notice.

Samuel Brand, formerly of St. Clement Danes in the Liberty of Westminster, late of St. Andrew Holborn, in the County of Middlesex, Tallow Chandler.

Prisoner in WOODSTREET Compter in the City of London.

Third Notice.

William Cockett, late of the Parish of St. Botolph Aldersgate, London, Carman.

THE following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the TWENTY-FIFTH Day of OCTOBER, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty, and having surrendered themselves to the Goalers or Keeper of the respective Prisons or Goals hereafter-mentioned, do hereby give Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors*, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after THIRTY Days from the FIRST Publication of the under-mentioned Names, viz.

Fugitive surrendered to the Keeper of the KING'S BENCH Prison in the County of Surry.

First Notice.

Thomas Usher, late of Lemon-street in the Parish of St. Mary Matfelton otherwise White Chapel in the County of Middlesex, Dealer and Chapman.

Fugitive surrendered to the Warden of His Majesty's Prison of the FLEET.

First Notice.

Charles Magee otherwise Cormick M'Knee, formerly of Holywell in Flintshire, late of the Isle of Man, Dealer and Chapman.