

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 1. to Monday July 5 1675.

Portsmouth July 1.

**O**N Tuesday about three in the morning (as we said in our last) His Majesty weighed out of the *Downes* with the Men of War and Yachts that attended Him, the wind at E.N.E. but very violent; The next day about noon his Royal Highness came in here in the *Anne*, and his Grace the Duke of *Monmouth* in the *Portsmouth* Yachts, His Majesty with the rest of the Men of War and Yachts being fallen so much to Leeward that He could not reach this Port at the same time; and about seven that morning anchored on the back of the *Isle of Wight*. This morning about eight a clock, his Royal Highness and the Duke of *Monmouth* went out to Sea again to attend His Majesty.

*Ditto*, July 3. At six a clock in the evening.

Yesterday morning early His Majesty, having the day before been ashore on the *Isle of Wight*, and been received and entertained by Sir *Robert Holmes* the Governor, arrived here in the *Greyhound* Frigate, together with his Royal Highness in the *Anne* Yacht, and the other Men of War and Yachts that waited on His Majesty. After having been some hours ashore, His Majesty was pleased, accompanied with his Royal Highness, to go and see the *Royal James*, which was Launched on Tuesday last, and several other pieces built by Commissioner *Deane*, with which His Majesty was extremely satisfied. In the Afternoon, His Majesty was pleased to visit the Fortifications, and other things worthy His Majesties observation here, and in the Evening, did our Governor Colonel *Legge* the Honour to Sup with him. This Morning His Majesty, and his Royal Highness went to *Shfield*, where Mr. *Noel* had the Honour to treat Them at Dinner; and this Evening about five a clock, His Majesty, after having been pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood upon Sir *John Tippers*, Sir *Richard Haddocke*, Sir *Anthony Deane*, and Sir *Roger Manley* our Deputy Governor, is gone on board the *Harwich* Frigate, and his Royal Highness on board the *Anne* Yacht, and are at present under Sail, the Wind W. S. W. and the weather very fair, towards the *Downes*.

*Cádiz*, June 10. The second instant, failed from hence six Spanish Men of War, having orders to go and join the Spanish Armada at *Naples*; and the sixth, parted the *Sieur de Ruyter*, with four Men of War and several Merchantmen under his Convoy, towards *Smirna*, many people apprehend he may in his way rencounter the French, who may be too strong for him. A Vessel arrived here from *Naples*, brings advice, That the French had had a design upon the *Scaletta*, but that it had not succeeded, and that the French and Messineses very well agree.

*Madrid*, June 20. The young King being now going to take upon himself the Government of his Kingdoms, it is said that the Queen purposes to retire to *Toledo*, having chosen that City for the place of her residence. This week a considerable sum of Money was sent from hence, to *Pon Juan of Austria*, in order to his journey for *Italy*, which has been deferred, longer than his Highness intended, by his indisposition, and we are now as-

ured, that he will very suddenly embark at *Barcelona*, where six Spanish Men of War expect him, to which will be joined certain Dutch Men of War, who came into the Mediterranean to Convoy their Merchantmen, and three Gallies; on these ships will be likewise embarked 1000 Foot Soldiers, with great stores of all Military Provisions, so that we yet seem here almost to promise our selves the reduction of *Messina* before the end of this Summer; notwithstanding our Letters from those parts tell us, that the French and Messineses live in very good correspondence with each other. We have not heard any thing of moment from *Catalonia*, since the raising the siege of *Gironne*, the French holding themselves still, expecting a supply of Provisions, and reinforcement of Men from *France*. Our Letters from *Lisbon* of the 10 instant, say, That their Fleet was arrived from *Brazile*, that one ship was lost, and that the rest had for several hours been engaged with the Corsairs of *Barbary*: but without any loss, except of some Men.

*Strasbourg*, July 1. The two Armies continue in the same posture we told you in our last; but it is said that the French are very much incommoded through the overflowing of the *Rhine*, which is occasioned by the great Rains that have fallen of late, and that its thought that may oblige them to remove their Camp: Two days ago was a skirmish in the Village of *Bischofheim*, between the French and the Imperialists, in which it is reported that near 200 of the former were killed. The Bread that was baked here for the Germans, is turned into Bisket, to keep it from spoiling, there being at present not any possibility to convey it to them.

*Cologne*, July 5. This day arrived here the Marquis *de Grana* from *Bon*, whither its thought he will return again, after having conferred with the *Sieur Fischer* the Imperial Minister here. The two Armies continue still in the Neighborhood of *Strasbourg*, on the other side of the *Rhine*, and its said that General *Montecuculi* is resolved not to give the French any opportunity to fight him, unless with advantage to himself, but rather endeavor to weary him out, and oblige them to repass the *Rhine*; and on the other hand the French seem confident they shall be able to subsist in those quarters as long as their adversaries in theirs. Our Letters from *Mayence*, give us an account of the Election of the Baron of *Leyen* Brother of the Elector of *Treves*, to the Electorate of *Mayence*; to the great satisfaction of the Imperialists, the Bishop of *Aichstadt* having excused the same by reason of his great Age. The Duke of *Lorraine* is still here, though its said he hath been very much desired to join with the Dukes of *Lunenburg*.

*Liege*, July 5. The French Army comes this way again, and two Bridges have been laid over the *Mense* near *Maestricht*, and at the same time it is reported, as if his Majesty would pass the *Mense*, but without any certainty. Provisions begin to grow very scarce in this Country, which is so eaten up, that it is greatly feared the poorer sort will not be able to subsist the next Winter. The Duke of *Lunenburg Zell*, and Bishop of *Os-nabrug*, were, according to our last advices, encamped with their Troops near *Jattiers*, leaving us altogether uncer-

uncertain whether they intend to direct their march. The Count *d'Estades*, Governor of *Maeßricht*, having commanded the States of the Province of *Limburg* to repair to *Maeßricht*, to take an Oath of Fidelity to the Most Christian King, those summons have been obeyed, and they have taken the said Oath. The Baron *de Vierfer*, late Governor of the Citadel here, who put the same into the hands of the French, is removed from that command, the King purposing to recompence him with some other employment in *France*.

*Hamburg, July 5.* The Letters we receive from *Berlin*, and other Places, all speak, though somewhat confusedly, of a great Victory obtained by the Elector of *Brandenburg* over the *Suedes*. They say, That on the 28<sup>th</sup> past, the Elector having with him only his Cavalry and Dragoons, his Infantry being still behind, attacked the *Suedes* near *Fehr Berlin*, where they were drawn up in Battalia, composing eight Brigades of Foot, and several Regiments of Horse, and routed them, so that they were forced to retreat, and save themselves through a narrow passage, and during the Night repaired the Bridges that had been broken down, in order to their passing to the other side of *Fehr Berlin*. That on the part of the *Suedes*, 2000 were killed upon the place, besides wounded; That amongst the killed are several Officers of Note, as Lieutenant General *Wrangel*, the Count of *Wirtemberg*, Colonel *Delmyk*, Colonel *Großhufen*, &c. That the *Brandenburgs* had taken one piece of Cannon, eight Colours and three Standards; That on the part of the *Brandenburgs*, were killed Major General *Morner*, Lieutenant Colonel *Henningh*, and other Officers, with about 500 common Soldiers; and in a Postscript of a Letter of the 29<sup>th</sup> from *Berlin*, it is said, That the *Brandenburgs* had taken yet four pieces of Cannon, four Colours, and all the Enemies Baggage; and by fresher Letters of the fifth instant, we are told, That the Elector he had continued five dayes together in pursuit of the Victory had obtained; and that besides what is above mentioned, he had taken yet 10 pieces of Cannon, so that all the *Suedes* Artillery was destroyed, and 16 Colours; That his Electoral Highness was at present at *Mecklenburg*, and that the Grand Conestable *Wrangel*, who had not been in any part of this Action, was retired to *Wolgast*. These are the particulars we receive from the *Brandenburgs* side, and now we must expect to hear what account the *Suedes* will give thereof, who, we hear, do not allow the loss on their part to have been by far so considerable as the *Brandenburgs* report it.

*Hague, July 9.* All the discourse at present here is, concerning the news that comes from *Hamburg*, and those parts, of the defeat of the *Suedes* by the Elector of *Brandenburg*, which is variously reported: some Letters say, That his Electoral Highness, after having surprized the Regiment of Colonel *Wangelin* at *Ratchow*, pursued his point, and fell upon the *Suedes* in their several Quarters, before they could get into a Body; but others give us an account, That the *Suedes* had drawn their Forces together being about 8000 Foot, and 3000 Horse, and that the Elector had engaged them, though having with him only his Cavalry and Dragoons, his Infantry being yet behind, as they were drawn up in order of Battalia near *Fehr Berlin*, and had defeated them, near 2000 of the *Suedes* having been killed upon the place, and between 4 and 500 of the *Brandenburgs*; That the *Suedes* had thereupon retreated by means of a narrow passage near *Fehr Berlin*, and a small River, which having passed, they broke down the Bridge behind them, leaving several pieces of Cannon, and great part of their Baggage in the hands of the *Brandenburgs*,

who, it is added, the following night repaired the said Bridge, and pursued the *Suedes* with a great slaughter; taking their remaining Artillery and Baggage; many persons of Eminency among the *Suedes* are named to be killed and wounded, and it is said that General *Wrangel* (who was not in the Action) was retired with 2000 Horse towards *Wismar* or *Wolgast*; but these particulars are as yet related without any certainty, and all that we can at present assure you of, is, That the Elector of *Brandenburg* has obtained a very considerable advantage over the *Suedes*, of which you may expect a true account by our next. We have Letters of the sixth instant from our Army, encamped in the Neighborhood of *Aeyshot*, which say, that it was then about breaking up, but that it was not known whether the march would be directed.

*Laris, July 10.* Our last Letters from Monsieur de *Tourne's* Camp are of the second instant, and tell us, That the Army continued encamped near the fort at *Kysl* which guards the Bridge of *Sissburg*, hindering all communication between the Imperialists and that City; that there had three days before hapned a skirmish between them and the Germans; on this occasion, Monsieur de *Tourne* having set 300 Foot and 200 Horse to guard a Bridge in a Village called *Bjbsheim*, General *Montecuccoli* sent thither 12 Squadrons of Horse and two of Dragoons, who forced the French to quit the said Village with the loss of 40 or 50 that were killed, whereupon the Count de *Lorge* advancing with the grand Guard, the Imperialists retired. We have not any thing of news from the Armies in *Flanders*, our advices telling us, that the continual Rains have made the ways so deep, that they are almost unpassable for the Cavalry, and much more for the Artillery. The Grand-duchess of *Tuscany* is expected here the next week. Here is a report, that Monsieur de *Tourne* is repassed the *Rhine*, which we give not any credit to.

#### Advertisements.

**Oxonia Illustrata: Or, All the Colledges,** Halls, Library, Schools, Theatre, and other Publick Buildings of the University, exactly Drawn and Ingrav'd by *David Loggan*: to each Plate is a brief account of the Foundation. They are to be sold at *Oxon*, and at *London* by *George Baker* against the North-east corner of the Royal Exchange, *Edward Brewster* at the Crane in *St Pauls Church-yard*, *John Leigh* at the Blue Bell near the Temple in *Fleetstreet*, and *John Noors* at the Queens Arms in the *Palmer*. The price 25 s. in Quires.

**Historical Remarques upon the late Revolutions in the United Provinces.** Drawn from their own Papers. And evincing the necessity of a Stad-holder to that Government, as now re-established in his Highness the present Prince of *Orange*. Sold by *J. Heringman*, at the Anchor in the Lower Walk of the *New Exchange*.

**The Prince of Condé, made English.** Sold by *Henry Heringman*, at the Anchor in the Lower Walk of the *New Exchange*.

**Holy Devotions: With Directions to pray.** Also a brief Exposition upon the Lords Prayer, 1000, Ten Commandments, Seven Penitential Psalms, Seven Psalms of Thanksgiving. Together with a Letany, By the Right Reverend Father in God *Lancelot Andrews* late Bishop of *Winchester*. The sixth Edition. Sold by *Charles Harper*, at the *Flowerde'uce* over against *St. Dunstons Church in Fleetstreet*.

**A** Mare of a middle Colour, Short Tail, about 15 hands high, Troop all taken from *John Christian* of the Isle of *Wight*, (about a month since) by his servant an Irish man, *John Kenne*, having a hoarse voice, long black hair, and a blue colour. Girths, of a middle stature, about 18 years of age. If any can give notice either of Servant or Mare, to *Thomas Skelton Esq;* of *Brantwate* in *Cumberland*, or to *Mr. Thom. Christian* in *Liverpool*, or to *Mr. Edw. Currier* at *Mr. Fullers* over against *Grays-Inn-gate* in *Bolton*, shall be well rewarded.

**W**Hereas a report hath been spread abroad, That the sickness of the Plague is within the City of *Bath*; These are to give notice, that it hath been certified under the hands of several Persons of Quality now residing here, that the said City and County adjacent is wholly free of said sickness, and any other contagious Distempers whatsoever.